2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

JUL 2 3 2020

Public Water System Name

0520023

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

	Customers wer	e informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Ω	Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
		☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)
		☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
		☐ Other
	Date(s) custo	mers were informed: 7 / 2 /2020 / /2020 / /2020
L	methods used	
	Date Mailed/	Distributed:/
		buted by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / 2020
		☐ As a URL(Provide Direct URL)
		☐ As an attachment
	O	☐ As text within the body of the email message
	CCR was publi	shed in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Nev	vspaper: The Macon Beacon
	Date Publish	ed: 7(2) 2020
	CCR was poste	ed in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / / 2020
	CCR was poste	ed on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:
		(Provide Direct URL)
I her abov and o of H	e and that I used decorrect and is consicalth Bureau of Pu	e CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified istribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true stent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department blic Water Supply

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)

MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

** Not a preferred method due to poor clarity **

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

"2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report" Parks Utilities

PWS ID: 0520023 June 17, 2020

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. Our water source is one well. Our well draws from the Gordo Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are **moderate susceptibility** to contamination and is available for viewing upon request.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please **contact Jeanine Harrell at** 662-456-2011. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please contact Jeanine Harrell to schedule a meeting.

Parks Utilities routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) – Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Parts per billion (ppb) – Micrograms per liter (ug/L).

				TEST RE	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
(There is con	vincing evi	idence that		Disinfectants & Disinf f a disinfectant is necess			al contam	inanta)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	N N	2019	1.0	0.50—2.40	Ppm	1.00	1.00	Water additive used to control microbes
				Inorganic Co	ntaminan	ts		
Barium	N	2019	0.01	No-range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium	N	2019 (0.0005) No-range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Lead	N	2019*	0.0	No-range	Ppm	0	Al=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Copper	N	2019*	0.0	No-range	ppm	1.3	AL=1.	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Fluoride	N	2019	.174	No-range	ppm	4.0	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

^{*}Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2019.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. **Parks Utilities** is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. . Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care

providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however; you may obtain a copy from the Office please call (662) 456-2011 if you have questions.

Proof of Publication

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI. NOXUBEE COUNTY. IN CHANCERY COURT.

IN CHANCERY COURT.	
BEFORE ME, in and for said county, this day personally came R. Scott Boyd, THE MACON BEACON, a newspaper published in the City of Macon, of said county and state, who, being duly sworn, deposeth and says that the publication of a certain notice, a true copy of which is hereto affixed, has been made for weeks consecutively, to wit: In Volume Number Dated Dated Dated Dated Dated	
WITNESS my hand and seal of office, this the M day of Commission Figure A.D., 20 Ju By Crant Substantial All Markets	RSoorBoyl
Printer's Fee \$ 408 - Proof of Publication 3 -	Total \$

"2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report" Parks Utilities

PWS ID: 0520023

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